



Local Rules of Racing (Greyhound Racing)

amended to

26 June 2017

RACING QUEENSLAND

LOCAL RULES

The Act empowers Racing Queensland to make Rules governing and relating to the control of greyhound racing in Queensland.

The Rules and the principles of natural justice shall apply in regard to these Rules.

LR1 Definitions

The following definitions are additional to the definitions contained in the Greyhounds Australasia Rules.

In these Rules unless the context or subject matter otherwise indicates or requires the following mean and expressions cognate with expressions shall be construed accordingly.

“betting sheet” means a paper record in such form and provided in such manner as Racing Queensland may approve which records such information in relation to bets made by a bookmaker as Racing Queensland may prescribe.

“betting ticket” means a paper record in such form and produced in such manner as Racing Queensland may approve which records such information in relation to the bet as Racing Queensland may prescribe.

“bookmaker” means a person licensed as a bookmaker for the purpose of these Rules.

“bookmaker’s agent” means a person licensed as a Bookmaker’s Clerk and authorised by Racing Queensland to act as a Racing Bookmaker.

“bookmaker’s clerk” means a person licensed as a Bookmaker’s Clerk for the purpose of these Rules.

“bookmaker’s remote clerk” means a person licensed as a Bookmaker’s Clerk and authorised by Racing Queensland to act as a Bookmaker’s Remote Clerk for the purpose of these Rules.

“declaration of final acceptances” means the time at which a field of runners selected to compete in an event is published.

“drug testing laboratory” means an accredited facility or secondary facility under the Act.

“licence” means the document issued by Racing Queensland pursuant to an application for the licensing of a person, permitting the person named thereon to perform the activity stated thereon for the period specified thereon.

“local authority” means a Local Authority constituted under the Local Government Act and includes Brisbane City Council constituted under the City of Brisbane Act.

“nomination” means the submission of an entry in respect of a greyhound for an Event.

“nominator” means the owner, trainer, or a person authorised in writing by the owner or trainer to submit a nomination.

“official journal” means the publication for the time being designated as such by Racing Queensland.

“person” for the purpose of the definition of “Bookmaker” means a natural person or a corporation, the directors, executive officers and shareholders of which comply with all requirements imposed by Racing Queensland on bookmakers who are natural persons. All provisions of these Rules applicable to bookmakers as natural persons shall, *ipso facto*, apply to directors, executive officers and shareholders of any corporation licensed as a bookmaker.

“Racing Queensland” means Queensland All Codes Racing Industry Board trading as Racing Queensland.

“racing venue” means a greyhound racecourse, whether in Queensland or elsewhere at which a meeting may lawfully be held.

“sporting contingency” means a contingency other than a race in accordance with the Act.

“syndicate” means an association of 2 or more and not more than 19 persons having a proprietary interest in a greyhound whether as owner, part owner, lessee, part lessee licensed as such by Racing Queensland.

“telecommunications system” means a system or network consisting of an electronic device or other equipment for communicating at a distance, including, for example, a telephone system and a system that allows communication electronically by means of the internet, a cable television network or another on-line communications system.

“trials” means an event held for the purpose of testing or training greyhounds for which no prize money, trophy or other reward, gratuity or privilege of a value up to an amount prescribed by Racing Queensland is offered.

GENERAL

LR2 Racing Queensland may make Rules

Subject to the Act Racing Queensland may make Rules governing and relating to the control of greyhound racing in Queensland.

LR3 Powers of Racing Queensland

- (1) Racing Queensland shall have the exclusive control and general supervision of greyhound racing within Queensland.
- (2) Where by these Rules any administrative act is authorised or required to be done by Racing Queensland, either generally or in a particular case, Racing Queensland may delegate its function to a suitably qualified person.
- (3) Racing Queensland may publish an official journal containing such matters as in its opinion may concern or be beneficial to greyhound racing. Notification in the official journal by Racing Queensland shall be deemed to be full notice throughout the territory of Racing Queensland to any and every person concerned of all matters and things so notified.
- (4) Racing Queensland may publish matters on a website and notwithstanding the provisions of sub-rule (3) may deem the publication to be full notice throughout the territory of Racing Queensland to any and every person concerned of all matters and things so notified.
- (5) Racing Queensland may take and retain possession of and detain any greyhound for so long as Racing Queensland considers there is a reasonable suspicion that:
 - (a) The greyhound has been involved in any act of animal cruelty; or
 - (b) The owner, trainer or anyone else in possession of the greyhound has been involved in any act of animal cruelty.
- (6) Racing Queensland, the Stewards and anyone so authorised by Racing Queensland or the Stewards, may at any time use technology (such as drones) to inspect and surveil (including by taking photographs and video footage) any land or premises owned, occupied or under the control of a licensed person or used in any manner in relation to any licence.

LR3A Warning off

The control body has the power to warn off any or all racecourse within its control any person whose presence thereon is in the opinion of the Board or the control body not desirable.

LR4 Last time for doing anything

Subject to the conditions of a race, when the last day for doing any thing under these Rules is not a business day in the place where the thing may be done, the thing may be done on the next business day in the place.

STEWARDS

LR5 Steward in Charge of meeting

- (1) When the Chairman of Stewards is one of the Stewards officiating at a meeting, unless he directs otherwise, he shall be deemed to have the powers and duties of the Steward in Charge.
- (2) In the event that the Steward in Charge appointed to officiate at a meeting fails to attend the meeting or is unable to continue to officiate the other officiating Stewards, where there are more than one, shall appoint one of their number to act as Steward in Charge.

LR5A Appointment of Stewards

- (1) The Principal Racing Authority may appoint Stewards of such categories as it may think fit.
- (2) Should the Steward appointed to be Chairman of Stewards of a Race Meeting not be present at a Race Meeting or not be willing or competent to act, then a Steward acting at the Race Meeting shall be appointed by the Chief Steward, General Manager – Stewards & Integrity Operations (or anyone temporarily appointed to that position by Racing Queensland), or the Stewards present as Chairman of Stewards.
- (3) Should an appointed Steward or Stewards not be present at a Race Meeting or not be willing or competent to act the Chief Steward, General Manager – Stewards & Integrity Operations (or anyone temporarily appointed to that position by Racing Queensland), or the Stewards present who are willing and competent to act may appoint deputy Stewards to act at the Race Meeting.
- (4) When a panel of Stewards is convened unless otherwise provided for by the Rules the majority of the Stewards on that panel shall have and may exercise all the powers, duties and authorities conferred upon the Stewards by the Rules.
- (5) A Steward or deputy Steward being the sole Steward at a Race Meeting shall have and may exercise all the powers vested in the Stewards under the Rules.
- (6) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of the Rules, the General Manager – Stewards & Integrity, the Chief Steward of Queensland or the Senior Steward of a regional area, or anyone temporarily appointed to those positions by Racing Queensland, may appoint a Steward or Stewards.
- (7) A Steward appointed pursuant to (1) or (6) may exercise all the powers vested in the Stewards by the Rules of Racing to inquire into, adjudicate upon and deal with any matter or incident.

LR6 Absence of Steward

In the event that a Steward appointed to officiate at a meeting is not present at the meeting or is unable to continue to officiate the following persons in order of preference may act as a Steward

- (1) if able to be arranged, a person authorised by Racing Queensland or Chairman of Stewards;
- (2) a Steward not appointed to the meeting;
- (3) a member of Racing Queensland;
- (4) the chairperson of the club conducting the meeting;
- (5) a suitably qualified official.

LR7 Replacement of Steward

The Chairperson of the club or a Steward conducting a meeting may, if of the opinion that a Steward is by reason of intoxication, illness or other cause incapable of performing his duties or is acting in a manner detrimental to the interest of Greyhound Racing, order that the Steward shall immediately cease to officiate and order that some other Steward, if present, officiate for the remainder of the meeting.

LR8 Conflict of interest

A Steward shall disclose any possible conflict of interest to Racing Queensland, which may take such action as it determines.

OFFICIALS

LR9 Appointment of officials by Racing Queensland

- (1) Racing Queensland may
 - (a) appoint all or any of the necessary officials in connection with a meeting;
 - (b) make regulations and policies-
 - (i) specifying the duties of all officials; and

- (ii) for the maintenance of discipline and other matters concerning the discharge of the duties of all officials.

CLUBS

LR10 Clubs

- (1) A club shall not conduct a meeting unless the club is registered by Racing Queensland.
- (2) An application by a club for registration or renewal of registration shall be on the prescribed form and shall be submitted to Racing Queensland together with the prescribed fee and any other matter requested by Racing Queensland.
- (3) Racing Queensland may refuse to register a club and may refuse to renew the registration of a club whose constitution and Rules have not been approved by Racing Queensland.
- (4) Subject to the Act Racing Queensland may cancel or refuse to renew the registration of a Club found by Racing Queensland
 - (a) to have committed a breach of any of the terms or conditions of its registration;
 - (b) to have committed a breach of these Rules or of any order or direction of Racing Queensland;
 - (c) to have committed a breach of the constitution or Rules of the Club;
 - (d) to be guilty of having committed or approved of or permitted the commission by any of its officials or employees of any act contrary to these Rules or the decision or direction of Racing Queensland or other such acts which in the opinion of Racing Queensland is contrary to the best interests of greyhound racing;
 - (e) to be in default in respect of the payment of any money payable to Racing Queensland;
 - (f) to have failed to act upon, implement or give effect to any decision Racing Queensland notified in writing to its Secretary;
 - (g) to be guilty of
 - (i) impeding Racing Queensland, its Secretary, Officials or other employees in the discharge of their powers, duties or functions;
 - (ii) not tendering to Racing Queensland, its Secretary, Officials or other employees such assistance in the discharge of their powers, duties or functions as is, in the opinion of Racing Queensland, reasonably necessary.
- (5) The registration of a Club shall, unless sooner cancelled by Racing Queensland remain in force from the date upon which it was until the 30th June next.
- (6) An application for renewal of registration shall be made on or before the first day of June in the current year of registration. Where an application for renewal of registration is made after the 1st June in the current year of registration Racing Queensland may grant the application on such terms and conditions as it determines.

LR11 Track distances – surveyor’s certificate

A surveyor’s certificate shall be furnished by a club to Racing Queensland whenever its track is modified or race distances are changed or, at the discretion of Racing Queensland, when starting boxes are moved and replaced.

RACING

LR12

Intentionally deleted.

LR12A

Intentionally deleted.

LR13

Intentionally deleted.

LR13A Reserve Allocations at TAB Meetings

- (1) Where one or more reserves are included in an event, the following will apply for the allocations of the reserve if any withdrawals occur prior to the scratching deadline:
 - (a) If only one withdrawal is received, the vacant position will be filled by the first reserve (9);
 - (b) If two or more withdrawals are received, the initial vacant position will be filled by the first reserve (9), and the secondary vacant position will be filled by the second reserve (10).

LR14 Scales to be checked

Prior to the weighing of any greyhound drawn to compete in an Event, the scales to be used shall be checked for accuracy by means of weights totalling 35 kilograms. The Stewards shall also check the scales by the same method if requested to do so by the owner or trainer of any greyhound drawn to compete in an Event.

LR15 False start/no-race

In the event of a False Start or No Race Stewards shall explain the options available to the trainers of greyhounds eligible to take part in the re-run.

LR16 Greyhound may be declared a non-runner

If in the opinion of the Stewards a greyhound has, through an extraordinary circumstance, been prevented from being competitive, the Stewards may declare the greyhound to be a non-runner.

LR17 Postponed/abandoned meeting

- (1) A greyhound eligible to compete at the time of the postponement may be withdrawn from the event without penalty.
- (2) The prize money allocated to an abandoned Event shall be distributed in such a manner as Racing Queensland shall determine.

LR18 Certificate of analysis

- (1) A certificate from a drug testing laboratory approved by the Controlling Body which states the presence of a prohibited substance in or on a greyhound at, or approximately at, a particular time, or in blood, urine, saliva, or other matter or sample or specimen tested, or that a prohibited substance had at some time been administered to a greyhound is prima facie evidence of the matters certified.
- (2) If another drug testing laboratory approved by the controlling body analyses a portion of the sample or specimen referred to in sub rule (1) and certifies the presence of the same prohibited substance referred to in sub rule (1) in the sample or specimen that certification together with the certification referred to in sub rule (1) is conclusive evidence of the presence of that prohibited substance.
- (3) A certificate furnished under this rule which relates to blood, urine, saliva, or other matter or sample or specimen taken from a greyhound at a meeting shall be prima facie evidence if sub rule (1) only applies, and conclusive evidence if both sub rules (1) and (2) apply, that the greyhound was presented for a race not free of prohibited substances.
- (4) A certificate furnished under this rule which relates to blood, urine, saliva, or other matter or sample or specimen taken from a greyhound shall be prima facie evidence if sub rule (1) only applies, and conclusive evidence if both sub rules (1) and (2) apply, that the prohibited substance was present in or on the greyhound at the time the blood, urine, saliva, or other matter or sample or specimen was taken from the greyhound.
- (5) Sub rules (1) and (2) do not preclude the presence of a prohibited substance in or on a greyhound, or in blood, urine, saliva, or other matter or sample or specimen, or the fact that a prohibited substance had at some time been administered to a greyhound, being established in other ways.
- (6) Sub rule (3) does not preclude the fact that a greyhound was presented for a race not free of prohibited substances being established in other ways.

- (7) Where for any reason the Controlling Body considers sufficient the Controlling Body requests the drug testing laboratory approved by the Controlling Body which has provided a certificate as described in sub-rule (1) to provide a further such certificate; and
- (a) a portion of the sample or specimen referred to in sub-rule rule (7) is analysed under the supervision of a qualified analyst who was not responsible for the analysis the subject of the certificate referred to in sub-rule (1); and
 - (b) the qualified analyst who supervised the further analysis was responsible for a certificate certifying the presence of the sample prohibited substance referred to in sub-rule (1) in the sample or specimen the subject of the certification;

The further certificate shall be conclusive evidence that the prohibited substance was present in or on the greyhound at the time the blood, urine, saliva or other sample matter or sample or specimen was taken from the greyhound.

LR18(a)2nd Certificate of analysis -confirmation

Following notification from the Racing Science Centre, or another accredited testing facility, of the presence of a prohibited substance in a Sample taken from a greyhound pursuant to R81 (1), the Owner or Trainer shall be notified that the second part of the Sample shall be sent to an accredited facility for confirmation of the declared prohibited substance. Such confirmation will result in a Certificate of Analysis being issued.

LR19 Attendance at inquiry at meeting

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, if a person is present at a meeting, that person may be directed personally by a Steward to appear before an inquiry to answer any complaint or breach of the Rules or to be present at the inquiry.

LR19A Failure to attend inquiry

Should a person required to attend an inquiry, fail or refuse to attend after reasonable due notice of the time and place of the inquiry, the Stewards may proceed to hear the inquiry in the absence of the person or may adjourn the inquiry as they may see fit.

FINES

LR20 Maximum fine

Without limiting the range of sanctions which can be imposed in conjunction with any fine, the maximum fine that may be imposed shall not exceed \$20,000 for any 1 offence.

LEASE

LR21 Disqualification/suspension of lessor

If the lessor of a greyhound is disqualified or suspended that person shall not receive or be paid or be entitled to recover from Racing Queensland, the Club, the lessee or other person, the prize money or any part thereof won by the greyhound during the period of the disqualification or suspension; and the prize money shall be reduced by the amount to which the lessor would have been entitled by virtue of any agreement between the lessee and the lessor of the greyhound.

DEATH/WITHDRAWAL OF REGISTRATION OF GREYHOUND

LR22 Notification of death/ withdrawal of registration of greyhound

- (1) On the death of a named greyhound, the Owner or the person in charge of the greyhound at the time of its death shall
 - (a) in the case of a greyhound entered for an Event notify Racing Queensland of the death within 24 hours of its occurrence, or forthwith if on the day of the Event;
 - (b) in any other case notify Racing Queensland within 7 days; and
 - (c) within 7 days of its death, return to Racing Queensland the Certificate of Registration issued in respect of the greyhound.

- (2) Racing Queensland may on application made by the owner of a greyhound withdraw the Certificate of Registration of the greyhound.
- (3) A greyhound which has its Certificate of Registration withdrawn at the request of the owner shall not be issued with another Certificate of Registration without the consent of the owner who applied for the withdrawal of the original certificate.

SALE/DISPOSAL OF GREYHOUND

LR23 Notification of sale/disposal

- (1) On the sale or disposal of a greyhound for which a certificate of registration has been issued, the registered owner of the greyhound shall, within 48 hours of the sale or other disposal, notify the Controlling Body in writing of that occurrence.
- (2) A person who purchases or otherwise acquires the ownership of a greyhound must, within 7 working days of purchasing or otherwise acquiring the greyhound, apply to the Controlling Body for the greyhound to be transferred into his name. If the greyhound is drawn for an Event, the application for transfer shall be lodged prior to the Event.

LICENSING/REGISTRATION OF PERSONS

LR24 Licensing/registration

- (1) A person shall not own a greyhound unless the person is the holder of a current appropriate registration issued by Racing Queensland.
- (2) A person shall not
 - (a) train a greyhound for a race;
 - (b) be employed as an attendant;
 - (c) rear, break in or pre-train a greyhound not owned by the person;
 - (e) act as a stud master;
 - (f) carry on bookmaking;
 - (g) be employed by a bookmaker at a meeting;
 - (h) be employed as an Official by a club at a meeting; or
 - (i) operate a public training track
 - (j) breed with any greyhound bitch
 unless the person is the holder of a current appropriate licence issued by Racing Queensland.

- (3) Registrations that may be issued by Racing Queensland are-

Owner - permitting the holder to own a greyhound.

Partnership/Syndicate - permitting the holder (2 - 19 persons) to own a greyhound for racing and or breeding purposes.

- (4) Licences that may be issued by Racing Queensland are-

Trainer /Class 3 – permitting the holder to train a greyhound owned by the holder or by an immediate member of the holder’s family residing with the holder.

For the purpose of this category “owned” includes part owned and Racing Queensland may, under any conditions it determines, dispense with the residency provision.

Trainer/Class 2 – permitting the holder to train not more than the number of greyhounds prescribed by Racing Queensland.

Trainer/Class 1 – permitting the holder to train any greyhound.

Attendant - permitting the holder to handle a greyhound on behalf of a licensed or registered person.

Stud Master - permitting the holder to carry out the duties of a stud master in connection with a registered sire and to rear, break in or pre-train any greyhound.

For the purposes of this Rule "pre-train" shall mean the care/training of a greyhound for racing, preparatory to the training of the greyhound being taken over by a licensed trainer at least 4 weeks prior to the proposed date of an event for which the greyhound may be nominated.

Breeder - permitting the holder to breed with a bitch. Either a bitch owned by the holder, or a person with an authority to breed a litter from a registered greyhound or bitch, or a person engaged on behalf of the breeders for breeding, rearing, breaking or pre-training of any greyhound.

Bookmaker - permitting the holder to carry on bookmaking at a meeting.

Bookmaker's Clerk - permitting the holder to be employed by a racing bookmaker at a meeting.

Racing Staff - permitting the holder to be employed by a club as an official at a meeting.

Training Track Operator - permitting the holder to operate a Public Training Track.

- (5) Racing Queensland may require a person making application for a licence or registration or renewal thereof to meet the requirements of the Act and shall supply such evidence of character, fitness and experience as Racing Queensland may consider necessary.
- (6) A person making application for a racing bookmaker's licence or renewal thereof shall provide evidence of /acceptable indemnity bonding and if appropriate the holding of an eligibility certificate issued in accordance with the Act.
- (7) Racing Queensland may require a person making application for a licence or registration or renewal thereof to appear before Racing Queensland and supply such information in respect of an application as Racing Queensland may consider necessary.
- (8) A licence issued shall, unless sooner cancelled by Racing Queensland, or at the request of the holder, remain in force from the date it was granted until the following 30th June.
- (9) A registration issued shall, unless sooner cancelled by Racing Queensland, or at the request of the holder, remain in force from the date it was granted until such time as prescribed by Racing Queensland.
- (10) A person desiring to renew a licence or registration shall submit to Racing Queensland the appropriate application together with the prescribed fee on or before the expiry date of the licence or registration or such other date prior to the expiry date as Racing Queensland may prescribe.
- (11) A person under the age of 18 shall not be eligible to be registered as an owner or licensed as a trainer, stud master, breeder, bookmaker or bookmaker's clerk, nor shall a person under the age of 16 be eligible to be licensed as an attendant.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this Rule a person of 14 years may be granted a bookmaker's clerks or an attendants licence providing the person is employed only by an appropriately licensed direct family member or other licensed person approved by Racing Queensland at its entire discretion.

- (12) The holder of a licence shall produce the licence on demand by a Steward or official.
- (13) A person holding a licence or registration may at any time make application to Racing Queensland for the cancellation or suspension of the licence or registration.
- (14) If a person holding a licence or registration gives the licence or registration certificate to a Steward, member or officer of Racing Queensland, with an indication that the person wishes the licence or registration to be cancelled or suspended, then the licence or registration shall be deemed to be cancelled or suspended from the time the licence or registration certificate was given to the relevant person.
- (15) The suspension or revocation of a licence or registration shall not entitle the person whose licence or registration is suspended or revoked to a refund of the licence fee paid or any part thereof.

- (16) Racing Queensland may, when granting an initial licence or registration or at any subsequent time, determine that as a condition of the granting of a relevant licence or registration a particular or some or all conditions set by the relevant Local Authority Local Laws for the keeping of greyhounds, or the operation of a training track, shall first be complied with and at all times maintained.
- (17) The holder of a licence or registration shall, within 2 working days, notify Racing Queensland in writing, of:
- (1) any change of address; or
 - (2) any conviction for an indictable offence or an offence under the Queensland *Animal Care & Protection Act 2001* or any similar legislation elsewhere.

LR25 Visiting licensed/registered person

- (1) Any person registered or licensed with an Approved Controlling Authority shall while so registered/licensed, while such authority remains an Approved Registration Controlling Authority shall be deemed to be registered/licensed with Racing Queensland for the purpose of these Rules.
- (2) The participation, by any person who is deemed to be registered/licensed with Racing Queensland by virtue of these Rules, in any activity in Queensland over which Racing Queensland has control, shall constitute a submission by that person to Racing Queensland to the intent that the person was registered/ licensed by Racing Queensland.

LR26 Greyhound on premises of disqualified/suspended person

Unless Racing Queensland determines otherwise

- (a) a greyhound trained on or residing at premises at which a disqualified or suspended person resides shall not be eligible to compete in any Event;
- (b) a greyhound owned or trained by a disqualified or suspended person as at the date of the suspension or disqualification or at any time since the date of the offence resulting in the suspension or disqualification, shall not during the period of suspension or disqualification be owned or trained by the spouse or partner of the suspended or disqualified person or by any person who resides at the premises at which the suspended or disqualified person resides.

LR26A Effect of stay on disqualification

Where a trainer has been disqualified but continues to train on the basis of a stay granted by an appeal body, the trainer shall not:

- (a) transfer any greyhounds into the care of another trainer other than with the prior written approval of the Stewards; or
- (b) transfer any ownership interest in a greyhound other than with the prior written approval of the Stewards.

**PERMANENT KENNELLING AND HOUSING OF GREYHOUNDS
MINIMUM STANDARD REQUIREMENTS**

LR27 Minimum standard -kennelling/housing

- (1) A person having care of a greyhound shall
- (a) comply with the requirements of any relevant Local Government Authority; and
 - (b) provide an accommodation environment that is
 - (i) weather proof;
 - (ii) comfortable;
 - (iii) well ventilated;
 - (iv) cool in hot weather; and
 - (v) warm in cold weather;

- (2) provide accommodation structure that
 - (a) is constructed using materials and methods approved by Racing Queensland or any other relevant authority;
 - (b) contains impervious wash down flooring;
 - (c) is accessible for cleaning and inspection without the need to kneel or crawl;
 - (d) is secure providing safety and protection for a greyhound;
 - (e) if used, contains wire mesh, preferably galvanised, with a minimum thickness of 2.00mm high tensile or 2.5mm steel;
 - (f) does not contain:
 - (i) plastic mesh; or
 - (ii) chicken or bird wire that may be chewed or broken by a greyhound
 - (g) ensure that the sleeping or restricted containment area provided shall have a minimum area of 1 square metre with a minimum width or depth of 800mm, with any overhead covering a minimum height of 1m;
 - (h) maintain the area ensuring that
 - (i) weather proofing and hazardous items such as, but not restricted to, loose item as directed by an Authorised Officer, dangerous finishes and edges, damaged walls and sheeting or such other identified hazardous items shall be repaired forthwith;
 - (ii) the area is clean at all times;
 - (iii) faeces are removed at least twice daily and disposed of in a manner approved by any relevant authority; and
 - (iv) the area is free of vermin at all times;
 - (i) provide clean fresh water at all times;
 - (j) provide eating and drinking utensils of an approved type, preferably stainless steel, that is not in any way damaged or unhygienic and that is washed at least once per day;
 - (k) if providing accommodation within a residence, demonstrate that the mode of accommodation reflects the intention of these Rules;
 - (l) provide a secure and safe exercise area, alternatively demonstrate that an exercise program acceptable to the Authorised officer is in place and maintained;
 - (m) provide a separate area for a greyhound to “empty out”;
 - (n) control the noise, barking and behaviour of a greyhound on the premises in accordance with any relevant authority; and
 - (o) when exercising a greyhound in a public area:
 - (i) comply with the requirements of the Local Government Authority;
 - (ii) be responsible for the removal and disposal of any faeces.
- (3) An authorised person shall, from time to time, carry out the inspection of kennels and provide to Racing Queensland a written report on the condition of each kennel complex inspected.
- (4) A person notified accordingly shall, within the time prescribed by the authorised person carry out any repairs and maintenance or change in requirements to a kennel as directed.

SYNDICATES/PARTNERSHIPS

LR28 Delegated person for syndicate/partnership

- (1) The members of a syndicate/partnership shall appoint one of the members as the delegated person.

- (2) Racing Queensland shall treat and deal with the delegated person as if the person was the sole owner, and/or the sole representative of the syndicate/partnership and of every member thereof, in relation to any greyhound in respect of which the syndicate/partnership has an interest.
- (3) On the death of the delegated person or the incapacity for any reason or the refusal to act as or the withdrawal from the office of delegated person or on ceasing to be a member of the syndicate/partnership, the remaining members shall immediately appoint another one of their number as the delegated person. A notice in writing delivered to Racing Queensland signed by the members of the syndicate/partnership or by the former delegated person on behalf of the members shall be sufficient notice to Racing Queensland of the appointment.

LR29 Syndicate/partnership dissolved or reduction of members

- (1) If a syndicate/partnership shall be dissolved or if a member retires (other than by death) from a syndicate/partnership, notice thereof signed by the members or the delegated person on their behalf shall be given to Racing Queensland and the dissolution or retirement shall be deemed to take effect from the time of the receipt of the notice by Racing Queensland. Thereafter, in the case of a continuing syndicate/partnership, the remaining members (if more than one) shall be deemed to constitute the syndicate/partnership.
- (2) Subject to any condition that Racing Queensland may determine, where by virtue of sub-rule (1) a syndicate/partnership shall be reduced in number to 1 person, that person shall be deemed to be the sole owner and be registered accordingly.

LR30 Member disqualified/suspended

If a member of a syndicate is disqualified, suspended or warned off, a greyhound owned by the syndicate shall not be eligible start in an Event or be used for breeding purposes.

MEETINGS – PROGRAMS

LR31 Grading system

Racing Queensland may formulate a system for the grading of races.

LR32 Approval of meeting

- (1) A club proposing to conduct a meeting between 1st July and the 31st July in the following year shall make application to Racing Queensland by the prescribed time for the allotment of the date on which the meeting is proposed.
- (2) Racing Queensland may at any time without assigning any reason:
 - (a) refuse to approve an application for a Club to conduct a meeting; or
 - (b) approve an application under any conditions Racing Queensland may consider desirable; suspend, withdraw, vary, alter or add to any conditions of any approval.
- (3) Nothing in these Rules shall
 - (a) prevent a Club conducting a meeting from deciding the order in which races shall appear on the program;
 - (b) interfere with the right of a Club to decide what class or classes of races it wishes to conduct;
 - (c) interfere with the right of a Club to promote special races.

LR33 Postponing or abandoning meeting

- (1) If owing to adverse weather conditions or other circumstances a club considers it impossible or impracticable to conduct a meeting for which the box draw had been conducted, it shall forthwith advertise the postponement or the abandoning of the meeting.
- (2) A club having postponed or abandoned a meeting shall forthwith report the fact to Racing Queensland and may make application for the granting of a date of a meeting in substitution.

NOMINATIONS

LR34 Initial and Event eligibility of greyhound

- (1) Before being eligible to be nominated for any event for the first time
 - (a) the greyhound, together with the Certificate of Registration issued in respect of the greyhound, shall be presented to a Steward, or other authorised person, for identity verification;
 - (b) written evidence of the kennelling of the greyhound in such form as prescribed by Racing Queensland shall be lodged with Racing Queensland; and
 - (c) veterinary certification in such form as prescribed by Racing Queensland, of an inoculation of the greyhound, after the age of 12 months, of at least the C3 booster and such other inoculation as Racing Queensland may prescribe.
- (2) Unless authorised by Racing Queensland, a greyhound shall not be eligible to compete in more than 1 Event on any 1 day.

LR34A Declaration of trainer

- (1) When nominating a greyhound for a qualifying trial or Event, a trainer must submit a statutory declaration in the form prescribed by Racing Queensland, declaring that the trainer has not participated and will not participate in an act of animal cruelty or any other activities that would be unlawful (declaration of training propriety).
- (2) If a trainer fails to provide the declaration of training propriety without reasonable excuse:
 - (a) The trainer must not nominate, or attempt to nominate, the greyhound for any qualifying trial or Event; and
 - (b) The greyhound may be declared disqualified from the qualifying trial or Event.

LR35 Lodgement of nomination

- (1) The place at which a nomination may be submitted and the time by which a nomination is to be submitted shall be advertised. If an hour is not fixed for closing it shall be 8.30 a.m. on the advertised day.
- (2) Except with the approval of Racing Queensland, a nomination shall not be received after the advertised closing time.
- (3) Where insufficient nominations are received, Racing Queensland may extend the closing time for the receipt of nominations for the meeting.
- (4) The submission of the original nomination for an Event to be conducted as a series of heats and a final shall suffice for the series.
- (5) The person submitting a nomination shall be liable for the payment of any money due to a club in respect of a nomination or the starting of a greyhound.
- (6) It shall be the responsibility of the nominator to include in the submission of a nomination advice regarding the greyhound having started in an Event outside of Queensland since last starting in an Event in Queensland.
- (7) An official shall not alter or add any particulars required to a nomination but may for the purpose of clarifying any illegal or erroneous particulars make a notation as to the actual particulars.
- (8) A nomination shall be subject to the approval of Racing Queensland, club or Stewards who may decline to receive, or at any time after receiving a nomination, reject the nomination. Should a nomination be rejected, any fee paid in respect thereof may be refunded.
- (9) If a greyhound is sold, leased or transferred after the submission of a nomination, it shall be deemed to have been sold, leased or transferred with its engagement.
- (10) Notwithstanding the death of the owner or trainer, a nomination shall remain valid.

LR36 Change of conditions of Event

Should a greyhound be drawn to start in an Event, then if subsequently, in any circumstances whatsoever

- (a) the conditions of the Event are changed;
- (b) the Event does not take place;
- (c) the greyhound is not permitted to compete in the Event for any reason including (without limitation) disqualification, suspension, or being subject to any order pursuant to these Rules to undergo a Satisfactory Trial; or
- (d) the greyhound suffers any injury or illness by reason of any matter occurring while the greyhound is in any ground controlled by the club or Racing Queensland,

no liability shall lie as against the club, Racing Queensland, their servants or agents for any loss or damage however sustained.

CLAIMING RACES

LR37 Conduct of race

- (1) A club may conduct a claiming race.
- (2) The terms, conditions and procedures relating to the nomination of greyhounds in a claiming race, the organisation and conduct of the race and the claiming of a greyhound from the race, shall be as prescribed by Racing Queensland.

LR38 Authority for greyhound to be nominated

The owner, lessee and any other person with an interest in a greyhound to be nominated for a claiming race must complete the prescribed form and lodge it with Racing Queensland.

LR39 Persons not eligible to claim greyhound

- (1) An official who is in any way involved in the conduct of a claiming race shall not be eligible to claim a greyhound from that race.
- (2) In or with respect to a claiming race a person shall not
 - (a) claim directly or indirectly a greyhound owned or trained by that person;
 - (b) claim a greyhound for another person unless authorised in writing to do so;
 - (c) prevent or attempt to prevent a person from claiming a greyhound.
- (3) Notwithstanding sub-rule (2)(a) a greyhound owned by a syndicate or otherwise jointly owned may, where the syndicate or joint ownership is being dissolved, be claimed by a member of that syndicate or party to the joint ownership arrangement.

LR40 Lodging of claim

- (1) Any greyhound in the field drawn for a claiming race, including scratchings and reserves, can be claimed.
- (2) Subject to any determination made under LR37(2) the following applies
 - (a) a current claiming race authorisation form duly completed and signed by the owner must have been lodged with Racing Queensland before the close of nominations for the claiming race in which the greyhound is being nominated;
 - (b) the claiming price for a greyhound shall be published in the racebook;
 - (c) a claim must be made on the approved form and be placed in the claim box not less than 10 minutes before the advertised starting time of the race;
 - (d) a claimant must lodge with the club conducting the race, before its commencement, in cash or by bank cheque, the amount of the claiming price plus the prescribed transfer of ownership fee;
 - (e) the Stewards may require that a claimant declare that he is claiming the greyhound on the his own account;

- (f) unless with special permission of Racing Queensland, where a greyhound is drawn for a claiming race, no transfer of ownership shall have any legal effect during the period commencing from the date of the drawing of the race and terminating upon the declaration of an official result in the claiming race; and
- (g) if required by Racing Queensland a claimant shall pay as directed a sum by way of premium to insure the claimant's risk.

LR41 Establishing successful claim

- (1) The claim box shall be under the control of the club secretary.
- (2) The club secretary shall open the claim box immediately after the race and determine the claims.
- (3) Should more than 1 claim be made for the same greyhound, the successful claimant shall be determined by the club secretary by conducting a ballot in the presence of all claimants who elect to be present at the determination.
- (4) A claimed greyhound, with its collar, leash, muzzle and certificate of registration, shall be delivered immediately by the owner or trainer to the successful claimant upon authorisation by the Steward in Charge of the meeting.
- (5) Every greyhound claimed shall race in the claiming event in the interest and for the account of the person who owned it at the time of the event but subject to LR 43, title to the greyhound shall vest in the person who becomes the successful claimant immediately upon the start of the race and regardless of death or injury to the greyhound during or after the race.
- (6) For 30 days after being claimed, a greyhound is ineligible to start in a race in the interest and for the account of the person who owned it at the time of the event, nor during that period shall the greyhound remain in or return to the ownership, care or management of that person or of the trainer who trained it while owned by that person, unless it be reclaimed out of another claiming race.
- (7) Subject to a negative report of the analysis of any sample taken from a greyhound in the claiming race, the Club conducting the claiming race shall pay the price to the former owner as soon as possible after the transfer to the successful claimant has been registered with Racing Queensland.

LR42 Claimed greyhound not to be raced by former connections

Unless with permission of the Stewards, for 30 days after being claimed, a greyhound is ineligible to start in a race in the interest and for the account of the person who owned it at the time of the event, nor during that period shall the greyhound remain in or return to the ownership, care or management of that person or of the trainer who trained it while owned by that person, unless it be reclaimed out of another claiming race.

LR43 Claimed greyhound returning a positive swab

- (1) If a claimed greyhound returns a positive swab from the claiming race, the claimant may repudiate the claim and deliver the greyhound to the person who was the owner at the time of the claiming race;
- (2) Where a claimant repudiates a claim, the owner of the greyhound at the time of the claiming race
 - (a) is liable to reimburse the claimant for moneys spent in the greyhound's care and sustenance; and
 - (b) shall hold the claimant indemnified against any claim for the greyhound's care and sustenance and also any claim arising out of the death of, or injury to, the animal not directly attributable to the negligence of the claimant.

LR44 Non-compliance an offence

A person who fails to comply with any provision of the Rules concerning a Claiming Race is guilty of an offence.

LR45 Greyhound involved in offence

Where a greyhound is involved in an offence arising under the Rules concerning Claiming Race, Racing Queensland may take such action with respect to the greyhound as it may determine.

APPEALS

LR46

Intentionally deleted.

LR47

Intentionally deleted.

LR48

Intentionally deleted.

LR49

Intentionally deleted.

LR50

Intentionally deleted

LR50B Disqualification for improper use of animal

If:

- (a) a greyhound has been trained in contravention of Greyhound Australasian Rule 86A; or
- (b) an animal has otherwise been used for a purpose connected with the training, trialling or racing of a greyhound in a manner which is improper, then:
- (c) a person must not nominate, or attempt to nominate, the greyhound for any qualifying trial or Event; and
- (d) Racing Queensland or the Stewards may:
 - (i) disqualify the greyhound from participating in any qualifying trial or Event indefinitely; and
 - (ii) cancel the registration of the greyhound.

LR50C Suspension for improper use of animal

(1) If Racing Queensland reasonably suspects that:

- (a) a greyhound has been trained in contravention of Greyhound Australasian Rule 86A; or
- (b) an animal has otherwise been used for a purpose connected with the training, trialling or racing of a greyhound in a manner which is improper,

Racing Queensland may by notice to the owner and trainer of the greyhound suspend the greyhound from participating in any qualifying trial or Event for the period determined in accordance with sub-rule (2).

- (2) The period of suspension under sub-rule (1) shall be until the greyhound completes to the satisfaction of the Stewards the number of trials (being a minimum of 3) as determined by the Stewards. The trials shall be held over a period of not less than 3 weeks, with a minimum of 3 clear days between each trial, on the conditions determined by the Stewards, and subject to any additional periods of suspension and conditions arising under sub-rule (3);
- (3) If a greyhound during any trial undertaken pursuant to sub-rule (2) contravenes Greyhounds Australasia Rule R69 (Marring), R69A (Failing to pursue), R71 (Unsatisfactory performance) or R71A (Unsatisfactory behaviour), then the periods of suspension and conditions set out under those rules shall apply in addition to the requirements in sub-rule (2).
- (4) To remove any doubt, and without limitation, it will be reasonable for Racing Queensland to suspect that:
 - (a) a greyhound has been trained in contravention of Greyhound Australasian Rule 86A; or
 - (b) an animal has otherwise been used for a purpose connected with the training, trialling or racing of a greyhound in a manner which is improper,

if the greyhound was under the care of a person at a time when the person:

- (c) contravened Greyhound Australasian Rule 86A; or
- (d) committed an offence under GAR Rule 86(af).

LR50D Lure

To the extent any lure or other apparatus is used for the training of a greyhound, anyone involved in the ownership or training of the greyhound must ensure that:

- (1) if a lure is used, that the lure takes the form of a lure used at a registered race track in Queensland; and
- (2) the lure or other apparatus (including any attachment to the lure or apparatus) must only be made of, and consist only of, artificial material.

TRIALS

LR51 Conduct of trials

- (1) Trials shall not be conducted other than by a club on its racecourse or other property under the control of the club approved by Racing Queensland.
- (2) Racing Queensland may impose such conditions for the conduct of trials as it may determine.
- (3) A person shall not permit a greyhound to take part in a trial unless: a) It wears a muzzle of a type approved by Racing Queensland; or b) The trial is a muzzle off trial conducted with the approval of the Stewards and in accordance with any conditions imposed by the Stewards.
- (4) A person, other than a person licensed by Racing Queensland, shall not enter the kennels or lead or handle at any time a greyhound brought within the boundaries of the land occupied by the track of a club. A licensed person having under his control a greyhound shall not permit an unlicensed person to lead or handle the greyhound in contravention of this Rule.

TRAINING TRACKS (PUBLIC)

LR52 Usage of training track

- (1) For the purpose of these Rules a training track is deemed to be
 - (a) a facility provided for the sole purpose of the education and training of greyhounds for which a charge may be imposed, by the proprietor, for the use of the facility; and
 - (b) the racecourse, or such other property of a club, approved by Racing Queensland, when used for education or training purposes other than the conducting of trials.
- (2) A club shall be deemed to have been granted a licence to operate a training track.
- (3) A licensed or registered person who takes, or permits a greyhound in respect of which he is licensed or registered or which is under his control to be on a training track that is not operated by a club or a licensed training track proprietor, shall be guilty of an offence.
- (4) A person, other than a person licensed or registered by Racing Queensland, shall not enter the kennels or lead or handle at any time a greyhound brought within the boundaries of the land occupied by the track of a training track.
- (5) A licensed or registered person having under his control a greyhound shall not permit an unlicensed or unregistered person to lead or handle the greyhound in contravention of sub-rule (4).

BOOKMAKERS/CLERKS/BETTING

LR53 Racing Queensland may be refused by club

Racing Queensland or club may refuse permission to a bookmaker to operate at a meeting.

LR54 Intentionally deleted

LR55 Bookmaker's stand

A Bookmaker's stand shall be allotted at the discretion of the Club conducting the meeting.

LR56 Bookmaker's obligation under Rules

Where pursuant to the Rules of Racing, an obligation is placed on a bookmaker to perform a function, where the context is relevant the Rule shall be interpreted to provide that the bookmaker shall "do or cause to be done".

LR57 Appropriate conduct and bookmaker's clerk's identification

- (1) A bookmaker and bookmaker's clerk shall at all times observe appropriate standards of attire, behaviour, conduct and courtesy.
- (2) A bookmaker's clerk shall when on duty wear an official identification card.

LR58 Advertising by bookmaker

- (1) Racing Queensland may publish guidelines for the publication of advertisements by a bookmaker or group or association of bookmakers. A failure to comply with the guidelines liable shall be an offence.
- (2) Any advertisement published in accordance with this Rule must be clearly distinguishable as such and must not contain
 - (a) matter that is false or misleading;
 - (b) matter that is ambiguous;
 - (c) matter that is offensive or profane;
 - (d) matter that is detrimental to racing; or
 - (e) any inducement to a person to bet with a bookmaker elsewhere than at a racing venue where the bookmaker is licensed to carry on the business of bookmaking.

LR59 Approval of advertisements

Racing Queensland may require that advertisements be presented to Racing Queensland for approval prior to publication.

LR60 Betting services that may be offered

Racing Queensland may prescribe the betting service a bookmaker may offer. The betting service so prescribed may be fixed by reference to a racecourse or part of a racecourse.

LR61 Absence/leave of absence of bookmaker

- (1) A bookmaker intending to be absent on a race day shall forthwith notify the Club to that effect and shall nominate a proxy bookmaker operating in the same enclosure to act on his behalf to pay, on the presentation of the relevant betting tickets, any outstanding unpaid bets contracted by the bookmaker during the month immediately preceding the absence.
- (2) A bookmaker desiring to obtain leave of absence shall apply in writing to Racing Queensland for leave.
- (3) Leave of absence granted on medical grounds shall be on the condition that the bookmaker does not act as a bookmaker at a harness racing or thoroughbred racing meeting during the currency of the leave.

LR62 Absence of bookmaker's clerk

- (1) In the event of a bookmaker's clerk being unavailable, or in other circumstances deemed acceptable by the Stewards, a provisional licence may be granted by the Stewards or an authorised person to a person to act as a clerk to a bookmaker for one day only upon payment of a fee prescribed by Racing Queensland.
- (2) A bookmaker shall not act as a bookmaker's clerk for another bookmaker unless specifically exempted by Stewards.

LR63 Betting tickets and betting sheets –supply and control

- (1) The use by any bookmaker of any system or device other than an approved system or device for the recording of information in relation to a bet shall be a breach of these Rules.
- (2) Racing Queensland may approve
 - (a) the form and specification of a betting ticket or betting sheet;
 - (b) the person or organisation to print a betting ticket or betting sheet;
 - (c) a person to hold stocks of betting tickets or betting sheets for sale to Bookmakers.
- (3) A bookmaker shall not hold or acquire a betting ticket or betting sheet unless
 - (a) it is in a form as specified by Racing Queensland; and
 - (b) it has been obtained from a person or organisation approved to print betting tickets or betting sheets or held by a person approved to hold stocks of betting tickets or betting sheets for sale to bookmakers.
- (4) Where a person or organisation is authorised to print or hold betting tickets or betting sheets for sale to a bookmaker, Racing Queensland may subject the authorisation to such conditions as Racing Queensland specifies including
 - (a) the name of the bookmaker to whom the sale was made;
 - (b) the date of sale; and
 - (c) the serial number of the betting tickets/sheets sold.

LR64 Other forms of betting tickets and betting sheets

- (1) Under such conditions as it may specify, either generally or in a particular case, Racing Queensland, on application by a bookmaker, may approve an electronic system or other device or service for the provision of betting tickets and betting sheets in such form as Racing Queensland may approve for the accurate recording of
 - (a) all information to be contained on the betting tickets or betting sheets; and
 - (b) such other information as may be prescribed.
- (2) Where an approved system or device is used it shall not be necessary to enter the particulars of each bet, when made, on a betting sheet or betting ticket if the entry of information in such system or device can be immediately retrievable.

LR65 Recording details of betting

A bookmaker shall

- (a) use only betting sheets and betting tickets approved by Racing Queensland;
- (b) do all things as may be necessary to ensure that all relevant details of a bet as prescribed by Racing Queensland are recorded in a betting sheet and betting ticket;
- (c) do all things as may be necessary to ensure that a clear and legible carbon copy will be made of all entries in a betting sheets;
- (d) show on top of each page in the betting sheets
 - (i) the name of the club conducting the meeting;
 - (ii) the enclosure in which he is operating at the meeting;
 - (iii) the date of such meeting;
 - (iv) the name and number of each race; and
 - (v) the hold and take out on each race;
- (e) under no circumstances enter fictitious bets or bets made in fictitious names;

- (f) enter all credit bets in the true name of the person with whom or on whose behalf the bets are made;
- (g) upon making a bet, including a credit bet, forthwith issue to the bettor a betting ticket clearly showing thereon particulars of the bet;
- (h) issue a separate betting ticket in respect of each bet. However, where a bookmaker makes a win bet and a place bet at the same time in respect of the same runner 1 betting ticket may be issued;
- (i) forthwith upon making a bet whether as a layer, or when betting back, enter in a betting sheet particulars of the bet and the number of the betting ticket issued;
- (j) upon making any bet, when betting back, clearly record in the betting sheet immediately such bet is made, the name of the bookmaker with whom the bet was made and, in the case of a cash bet, shall set out the number of the relevant betting ticket. If such bet is placed on the totalisator, it must be indicated when the bet was made and full details must be shown in his betting sheets;
- (k) unless he makes his own bets, seek the approval of Racing Queensland, for one nominated licensed clerk to be authorised to act for the bookmaker in the placing of bets with other bookmakers and/or the totalisator. Should the approved clerk not be present at a race meeting, application may be made to the Stewards for a substitute clerk to be appointed to act on that day only;
- (l) in respect of all betting transactions entered into, retain the relevant betting sheets or other approved records system for such period as prescribed by Racing Queensland;
- (m) deliver to the offices of the club conducting the meeting a carbon copy of every entry made in the betting sheets or a copy of such other approved recording system at the conclusion of the race meeting;
- (n) furnish to Racing Queensland within seven days of the meeting, a return signed by the bookmaker setting out all unpaid or unclaimed cash or credit bets together with the following particulars-
 - date of meeting;
 - name of runner or sporting contingency;
 - name of race or races;
 - number and serial letters of betting ticket;
 - amount due to bettor;
 - particulars of bet;
 - and name of bettor if known.

A separate return is required for each individual day. In the event of no return being received within the prescribed time, it will be presumed that all bets have been paid.

- (o) produce on demand and deliver to any Steward or racing official any book, document, card, paper ticket, record, equipment, device or thing of any kind which the Steward or racing official has reasonable grounds for believing is being or has been used in any way for the purpose of making records covering betting transactions.

LR66 Unauthorised receiving and transmitting devices not permitted

Unless with the permission of the Stewards a bookmaker, bookmaker's remote clerk or bookmaker's clerk shall not, while betting is taking place on a racecourse, bring on to the racecourse or have in his possession device capable of receiving or transmitting information which has not been approved by Racing Queensland in accordance with Rules of Racing.

LR67 Signallers not permitted

A bookmaker shall not employ the services of a signaller and no person shall act as a signaller for a bookmaker.

LR68 Collection of prices

A bookmaker may with the approval of Racing Queensland employ a bookmaker's clerk to assist in the collecting of prices.

LR69 Bookmaker's clerk not to act as bookmaker

A bookmaker's clerk shall not act as a bookmaker except when approved to act as a bookmaker's agent or a bookmaker's remote clerk.

LR70 Bookmaker's remote clerk

- (1) Upon application in writing by a bookmaker, Racing Queensland may authorise a person, licensed as a bookmaker's clerk, nominated by the bookmaker, to act as the bookmaker's remote clerk for the purpose of conducting a part of the bookmaker's business at a place at a racing venue remote from the place where that bookmaker is permitted to carry on bookmaking at the racing venue.
- (2) The number of remote clerks in total and authorised for an individual bookmaker permitted at a racing venue shall be determined by Racing Queensland.
- (3) Authorisation shall not be given to act as a bookmaker's remote clerk in a place or at a time where the bookmaker is normally permitted or could reasonably be permitted to conduct business.
- (4) A bookmaker's remote clerk shall not conduct part of a bookmaker's business at a race meeting unless
 - (a) the bookmaker conducts business at the meeting;
 - (b) all bets made by the bookmaker's remote clerk are made on behalf of the bookmaker and are aggregated with all other bets made by or on behalf of the bookmaker; and
 - (c) a means of communication between the bookmaker and the bookmaker's remote clerk has been approved by Racing Queensland.
- (5) A bookmaker's remote clerk shall be deemed to be the bookmaker for the purposes of these Rules and the bookmaker shall be absolutely liable for all actions or lack of action by the bookmaker's remote clerk as if the action or lack of action has been by the bookmaker personally.

LR71 Bookmaker's clerk not to bet

Subject to LR65(k) a bookmaker's clerk operating at a meeting shall not place bets on any runner, provided that the provisions of this Rule shall not apply in the case of clerk placing a bet on a runner of which he is the owner.

LR72 Bookmaker's conduct of business -prescriptions

A bookmaker shall not

- (a) make a bet on any event or contingency other than
 - (i) a race to be conducted at the meeting;
 - (ii) a race to be conducted at another meeting; and
 - (iii) a sporting contingency pursuant to section 255 of the Act;
- (b) carry on his business on behalf of, or in conjunction with any other person;
- (c) employ an unlicensed clerk;
- (d) allow a person to remain in the vicinity of his betting stand during the conduct of a race meeting, unless such person is a licensed clerk and is directly engaged in the betting operations by the bookmaker on the day of the race meeting;
- (e) bet on a photo finish;
- (f) bet with a person who is under or apparently under the age of 18 years;
- (g) bet with a person who the bookmaker, knows is betting on behalf of a person who is under the age of 18 years;

- (h) procure a person to make on the bookmaker's behalf or on behalf of another bookmaker a bet that, if made by the bookmaker, would be contrary in any respect to the Rules;
- (i) issue or deliver to a person in respect of a bet a betting ticket previously used in respect of some other bet;
- (j) issue or deliver to a person a betting ticket
 - (a) that has not been acquired or produced in accordance with these Rules; or
 - (b) upon which the bookmaker's name is not printed.
- (k) sell or transfer a betting ticket to another person;
- (l) make a record or note of a bet, whether in writing or in any other manner, unless prior thereto the bookmaker has entered complete, accurate and legible particulars of the bet in his betting sheet or such other system as approved by Racing Queensland;
- (m) unless otherwise provided for under these Rules, make a bet whereby the bookmaker agrees to pay to the bettor, if the bettor should win the bet, a sum of money the amount of which is dependent upon or related to any dividend declared and paid by a totalisator;
- (n) destroy a betting ticket presented to the bookmaker for payment of a winning bet claimed to be payable to the bettor before that bettor has satisfied himself or herself as to the correctness or other wise of the bettor's claim or of the amount paid or payable to the bettor, where the bettor is not so satisfied, the bookmaker shall return the ticket intact to the bettor;
- (o) for the purposes of this Rule, the bettor shall be deemed to have been satisfied if the bettor leaves the immediate area where the bookmaker normally effects payment of winning bets without that ticket unless prior thereto the bettor has disputed an adjudication given by or on behalf of that bookmaker and that bookmaker has refused or failed to return the ticket to the bettor intact.

LR73 Bookmaker's conduct of business -prescriptions

- (1) A bookmaker shall
 - (a) attach to the top of his stand a board prominently displaying his name; and
 - (b) unless with the permission of the Stewards or an official authorised in that behalf, bet on each and every race on the program at the race meeting.
- (2) Unless for good cause when operating at a race meeting on races conducted on that racecourse:
 - (a) be on the allotted betting stand and commence betting at least one-half hour before the scheduled starting time of the first race on the program of that meeting;
 - (b) remain on the betting stand until the starting signal for a race has been displayed or announced and, if leaving the stand, return thereto within a reasonable time;
 - (c) commence betting on the next race immediately following the announcement of the result, or, in the event of the notification of a protest or inquiry, immediately after such notification is made; and
 - (d) remain on the stand until at least 15 minutes after the declaration of the result for the last race on the program.
- (3) Unless for good cause when operating at a race meeting on races not conducted on that racecourse
 - (a) be on the allotted betting stand and commence betting at least one-half hour before the scheduled starting time of the first race on the program of the meeting or meetings on which he is operating;
 - (b) remain on the betting stand until the starting signal for a race conducted on the racecourse on which he is operating has been displayed or announced and, if leaving the stand, return thereto within a reasonable time;
 - (c) commence betting on the next race upon the announcement of the first betting market or not later than ten minutes after the announcement of a protest, or inquiry, whichever is the earlier;

- (d) remain on his stand until at least fifteen minutes after the declaration of the result for the last race on the program; and
- (e) continue to bet on all races at the race meeting not being conducted at the racecourse unless given specific permission by the Stewards to cease betting.

LR74 Betting mode offered

- (1) A bookmaker shall elect before each and every race the mode of betting to which the dividends on offer relate and shall exhibit in a prominent position on his stand a notice defining the type of betting to which the dividends relate e.g.: “Win Only”, “Win and Place” or “Each Way”, “Place Only”, “Concession” or “Doubles”.
- (2) A bookmaker may bet doubles on all events determined by Racing Queensland.
- (3) No bets under the election shall be accepted until the bookmaker exhibits on his stand in a prominent place the type of bets to be accepted.
- (4) Where a bookmaker elects to bet “Win Only” or “Win and Place” or “Each Way”, the bookmaker may, during the course of accepting bets, then elect
 - (a) if accepting “Win Only” bets, to accept “Win and Place” or “Each Way” bets from the time of such election to the cessation of betting on that race;
 - (b) if accepting “Win and Place” or “Each Way” bets, to accept “Win Only” bets from the time of such election to the cessation of betting on that race;

provided that a bookmaker shall make only one election during the course of accepting bets on a race;
- (5) Where a bookmaker under sub-rule (4) offers a bet at a dividend of less than \$5.00 to win then the bookmaker may offer an each way bet on all other runners in the race that he offers a dividend of \$5.00 or over to win.
- (6) A bookmaker betting “Win Only” or “Each Way” shall not be permitted to bet “Place Only” on any event on which a “Place Only” bookmaker is operating.
- (7) In the event of a field being reduced to four or less starters, a bookmaker betting “Place Only” shall be permitted to bet “Win Only” for that race only.

LR75 Display of runners and dividends

- (1) Except with the permission of Racing Queensland, a person other than a bookmaker or bookmaker’s clerk shall not
 - (a) call the dividends or write tickets for any class of betting; or
 - (b) alter the price of any runner shown on a betting board and publicly announced fluctuations.
- (2) Before commencing betting, a bookmaker shall
 - (a) exhibit a dividend for every runner;
 - (b) display the dividends on offer in respect of runners in the order in which they appear in the official program of the club holding the meeting on a betting board and material approved by Racing Queensland;
 - (c) not obliterate the name of any runner but shall exhibit the abbreviations SCR or WDR opposite all scratchings or withdrawals and the dividends and abbreviations shall remain so exhibited until the starting signal is displayed or announced;
 - (d) while setting or altering dividends, betting charts shall remain projecting from the betting board until a dividend has been exhibited about every runner. On completion thereof, the chart is to be placed flush with the right-hand side of the betting board, and the bookmaker shall then be bound by the dividends exhibited; and
 - (e) if offering to lay double event bets exhibit in writing the names of all runners in each of the events concerned in the order in which they appear in the official program of the club holding the meeting and the dividends being offered in respect of each double.

LR76 Bookmaker to lay dividends offered

- (1) Racing Queensland may prescribe the maximum amount a bookmaker is required to accept for each bet. The amount prescribed may be fixed by reference to a racecourse or part of a racecourse.
- (2) A bookmaker offering a dividend about a runner shall be compelled to lay the dividend if demanded by a bettor but shall not be compelled to stand to lose more than the amounts prescribed by Racing Queensland.
- (3) In the event of a bettor wanting to bet for an amount greater than that which the bookmaker is willing to accept and which is greater than the amount required to be accept, as prescribed by Racing Queensland, the bookmaker shall inform the bettor of the maximum amount which required to be accept and shall offer to accommodate the bettor to at least that amount.
- (4) A bookmaker shall not be compelled to accept a bet of in aggregate less than \$1.
- (5) All winning bets that involve payment of a fractional part of one \$1 shall be paid in full.
- (6) Subject to sub-rule (7) money taken by a bookmaker or his clerk in respect of any runner shall be deemed to have been accepted at the dividend on offer at the time the money was taken.
- (7) A person engaged by a bookmaker at a meeting shall not accept a bet on behalf of the bookmaker unless that bookmaker or, in the appropriate circumstances, that bookmaker's agent or that bookmaker's remote clerk is there and then present on his betting stand.

LR77 Conditions of bet

- (1) A bet is void if there was not a possibility of winning and a possibility of losing at the time of making the bet.
- (2) A bet stands notwithstanding the death of either party to the bet.
- (3) A bet made on a runner before the declaration of final acceptances of the race is forfeited to the bookmaker if the runner is later withdrawn at any time before the commencement of the race.
- (4) A win and place bet taken on a runner withdrawn between the time of final acceptances and the display of betting dividends by a bookmaker for the race on the day of the race shall be refunded. If, in the opinion of the Stewards, the withdrawal had had a material effect on the dividends of the remaining runners, all successful fixed price bets shall be paid, at the discretion of the Stewards, subject to deductions in accordance with LR 93 or at the starting price.
- (5) A bet made on the day of the race on a runner that is withdrawn shall be refunded.
- (6) If a race is abandoned, postponed to another day or for any reason is declared a no-race, or is ordered to be re-run, or in the event of a walk-over, all bets made on the day of the race in respect of that race shall be refunded to bettors.
- (7) The result of a race shall be determined in accordance with the Rules. Provided that no alteration to any places made after the declaration of all clear or correct weight shall affect the result of a race for the purpose of betting with bookmakers.

LR78 Betting via telecommunications systems

- (1) Subject to sub-rule (2) a bookmaker shall not make a bet with a person who is not at the material time present at the racing venue where that meeting is being held.
- (2) A bookmaker may make a bet with a person (the "bettor") who is not present at the racing venue where the meeting is being held if
 - (a) the bookmaker is specifically authorised to do so by Racing Queensland;
 - (b) bets are only via an approved telecommunications system on a race or sporting contingency event upon which the bookmaker has the specific approval of the Club conducting the race meeting to operate;
 - (c) only the bookmaker or his nominated clerks specifically approved by the Stewards or Betting Supervisor to do so are authorised to receive or make bets via a telecommunications system;

- (d) all bets and communications are made through a telecommunications system approved pursuant to the Rules and the bettor consents that all telecommunications made via such system will be recorded;
 - (e) unless the permission of Stewards is received to the contrary, the bookmaker, prior to accepting a bet from a bettor, must have lodged with Racing Queensland details of the identity of the bettor including the person's account number and also lodges written advice from the bettor consenting to the recording of all transaction and acknowledging the bettors consent to be bound by the Rules;
 - (f) the bookmaker or his nominated clerk shall confirm all details of every bet with the bettor before the betting transaction ends, clearly identifying the bettor, the type of bet and amount of the bet, the betting ticket number and account number. the amount of the bet and the agreed bet;
 - (g) the amount of the bet shall be in accordance with minimum bet limits prescribed by Racing Queensland;
 - (h) any bets placed by a bookmaker using a telecommunications system during the currency of a meeting only be with a bookmaker operating at another registered race meeting or Government licensed auditorium within Australia and for whom specific approval has been given by Racing Queensland for such facility. Such bets may only be for the express purpose of reducing the liability on bets already laid by the bookmaker against the particular runner in such race on which he is currently fielding. Full details of the transaction including the name of the bookmaker with whom such bet is made must be recorded separately and shall be lodged with the Betting Supervisor at the conclusion of the race meeting concerned;
 - (i) the bookmaker whether as a bettor or the layer restricts any inquiries made or information given to the current prices being offered or sought during the currency of betting and ensures such betting operations that are engaged via telecommunications systems might not be regarded in the opinion of Racing Queensland or the Stewards as a prices service. Information of a general nature must not be given or received via any telecommunications system; and
 - (j) the details of all bets received via a telecommunications system shall be recorded separately and shall be lodged with the Betting Supervisor at the conclusion of the race meeting concerned.
- (3) A bookmaker committing any breach of or failing to fulfil any condition of the Rules of Racing commits an offence and may be punished and permission to participate in betting using via telecommunications systems may be suspended or withdrawn.

LR79 Conditions applicable to all modes of betting

- (1) For the purpose of the Rules relating to betting "withdrawal" or "withdrawn runner" means a runner that has been scratched or withdrawn from a race after betting has commenced on that race at the meeting where that race is to be conducted or a runner that is declared by the Stewards at the meeting to be a non-starter in a race. The term "withdrawal" includes more than one runner withdrawn simultaneously.
- (2) A bookmaker operating any mode of betting must
 - (a) at all times display appropriate signage as approved by the Stewards; and
 - (b) continue to operate in that same mode for the duration of betting on the race unless Ruled otherwise by the betting supervisor or the Stewards.
- (3) Each betting ticket issued by a bookmaker shall clearly outline the type of bet between the bookmaker and the bettor and where applicable the names of the runners nominated in the bet.
- (4) The Stewards may at any time, without assigning any reason, direct a bookmaker to cease or suspend operations on any mode of betting and may make such rulings as to bets already laid in their discretion they deem appropriate.
- (5) In the case of a dead-heat, bets shall be determined, in accordance with LR 92.

LR80 Each Way

Where a bookmaker bets "Each Way", the dividends for the place bet shall be at least one quarter the dividends for the win bet when there are 8 or more runners in the race at the time the bet is made and at least one third the dividends for the win bet when there are 5, 6 or 7 runners in the race at the time the bet is made.

LR81 Place

Place bets shall be payable on the basis of runners filling

- (a) first, second and third places where there were 8 or more runners in the race; or
- (b) first and second places where there were 5, 6 or 7 runners in the race, at the time the bet was made.

Provided that all place bets made on a race shall be refunded to bettors if fewer than 5 runners become starters.

LR82 Forecast

A bookmaker shall not bet on a runner to run first and another to run second (hereinafter referred to as forecast betting) unless the runner backed to run first is odds-on for a win bet.

LR83 Quinella

A bookmaker shall not bet on two runners to run first and second irrespective of order (hereinafter referred to as quinella betting) unless one of the runners odds-on for a win bet.

LR84 Concession

Concession bets shall be payable as follows

- (a) if there were 8 or more runners in the race at the time the bet was made, a bet on the winner shall be paid at the dividend laid and a bet on the second or third placegetter shall be returned to the bettor; or
- (b) if there were 5, 6 or 7 runners in the race at the time the bet was made, a bet on the winner shall be paid at the dividend laid and a bet on the second placegetter shall be returned to the bettor.

LR85 Doubles, Trebles & Quadrella

- (1) In doubles, trebles and quadrella betting
 - (a) the bet is determined when the first race is lost, unless otherwise provided in the Rules;
 - (b) all bets made prior to the declaration of final acceptances of the first race shall stand; Provided that if one of the runners backed had been scratched at the time the bet was made the amount bet by the bettor shall be refunded;
 - (c) all bets made after the declaration of final acceptances of the race stand unless
 - (i) the runner backed in the first race does not become a starter in that race;
 - (ii) the runner backed in the second or subsequent race is scratched before the first race is run;
 - (iii) the runner backed in the second or subsequent race is withdraw after the first race is run;
 - (iv) the first race is postponed to a date or a time beyond the date or the time the second race is run;
 - (v) the first race is abandoned or declared a no-race (even though re-run); or
 - (vi) the first race is divided into two or more divisions after the bet has been made.
 - (d) where all races of a double trebles or quadrella are to be decided on the same day
 - (i) if the runner backed in the first or any subsequent race wins but the runner backed in the next race is withdrawn after the start of the first and subsequent race, or the second race is postponed to another day, bets on the winner of the first and any subsequent race of the double, trebles or quadrella shall be paid at the dividend originally taken and shown on the betting ticket of the winner or any subsequent winner;
 - (ii) if a runner in either race is withdrawn and bets for a win become subject to a deduction in accordance with these Rules, bets on the winners of all races shall be subject to the same rate of deduction as applies to win bets. If runners in any races are withdrawn, the rate of deduction shall be the sum of the rates of deduction for win bets on each such runner;

- (iii) if a runner in any race is withdrawn prior to the commencement of straight-out betting on the first event of a double, trebles or quadrella, the dividend for that leg will be calculated on the relative totalisator dividend;
 - (iv) if the second or any subsequent race is divided into two or more divisions in accordance with these Rules, all bets made on the day of the first race shall stand, but the amount payable on bets made on the winner of the first race and the winner of 1 of the divided races shall be determined by dividing the face value of the ticket by the number of divisions of the divided race.
- (2) If the second or subsequent race of a double or divided multiple bet is abandoned or declared a no-race, bets on the winner of the first or any subsequent race shall be paid at the starting price dividends or dividend for that winner.

LR86 4 Placed Runners

4 placed runners betting is subject to the following conditions

- (a) a bettor selects a runner from each of 4 races displayed on the bookmaker's betting board on which each runner's win dividend is displayed;
- (b) the dividends are added to achieve bet value;
- (c) in the event of a withdrawal preventing a winning bet, the remaining three runners are paid at the product of the relative totalisator place dividends;
- (d) in the event of two withdrawals, the remaining two runners are paid at the product of the relative totalisator place dividends;
- (e) in the event of three withdrawals, the remaining runner is paid at the relative totalisator place dividend;
- (f) all withdrawals must occur after the starting time of the first leg on this basis;
- (g) where a scratching has occurred the dividend of the winner or placing of that race be amended to starting dividend of that runner; and
- (h) the bettor's stake is returned if any 1 or more of the selected runners are withdrawn prior to the running of the first leg.

LR87 Field Against Favourite

- (1) Field Against Favourite betting means a bookmaker may offer dividends to win to cover all of the runners in a field apart from the runner displayed at the time on the bookmaker's betting board as the shortest priced runner.
- (2) Field-Against-Favourite betting is subject to the following conditions
 - (a) if the favourite on the bookmaker's betting board at the time of the bet being laid be withdrawn, all bets laid when the runner was the favourite shall be declared off;
 - (b) if any runner other than the favourite be withdrawn a premium on all winning bets may be added by the Stewards in accordance with LR 93;
 - (c) all betting tickets issued must nominate the name of the favourite runner on the betting board at the time the bet was made; and
 - (d) if two or more runners be equal favourites the dividend of the field displayed on the betting board shall relate to the equal favourite nominated by the bettor at the time the bet is made and the name of such runner shall appear on the betting ticket issued.

LR88 Favourite Out

- (1) Favourite Out betting means a bookmaker may bet on a race whilst excluding from that betting the odds on favourite and were subsequently the finishing position of such runner or the withdrawal of such runner will have no bearing on how the bookmaker will settle bets for such event.

- (2) A bookmaker must prior to the commencement of betting on an event obtain the approval of the betting supervisor or the Stewards to operate Favourite-Out betting and in the circumstances of more than that number of bookmakers seeking approval then the ruling shall be made via ballot by the betting supervisor or Stewards.
- (3) No more than a number, at the discretion of the Stewards, of bookmakers operating on an event may operate Favourite-Out betting and in the circumstances of more than that number of bookmakers seeking approval a ruling shall be made via ballot by the betting supervisor or the Stewards.
- (4) Favourite Out betting is subject to the conditions that if a runner other than the runner excluded from betting be withdrawn the Stewards shall declare that deductions to winning bets be made in accordance with LR 93.

LR89 Head To Head

- (1) Head To Head betting means a bookmaker may offer dividends on the chances of one runner being placed above another runner in the finishing order.
- (2) A bookmaker operating Head-To-Head betting may quote rather than display the dividends of runners.
- (3) Head-To-Head betting is subject to the conditions that if neither runner nominated in a Head-To-Head bet win prize money and should neither runner finish in the first five placegetters, all bets shall be declared off.

LR90 Time Trial Events

- (1) For the purpose of this Rule a Time Trial Event is an event in which the runners perform solo to establish individual times over the distance of the event.
- (2) Placings shall be declared by the Judge in accordance with the individual times recorded by the runners.
- (3) Bets shall be subject to the general principles of the Rules covering betting with the exception of
 - (a) any case when deductions in are to be applied, the dividend of the withdrawn runner shall be the dividend on display at the time the first runner commenced its performance;
 - (b) each way betting shall not be permitted after the first runner commences its performance; and
 - (c) all bets placed after the first runner commences its performance shall be on an “all in” basis.
- (4) At the time the first runner commences its performance a Bookmaker shall draw a line on the betting sheet immediately below the last bet taken on each runner in the event.
- (5) Where the Stewards are of the opinion that the outcome of a performance has been affected by the positioning of the lure, the Stewards may declare the runner to be a non-starter.

LR91 Contingency of the day

- (1) For the purpose of this Rule a contingency means a jockey or driver of a horse, a trainer of a greyhound or horse and a starting box number.
- (2) Contingency of the day betting means bookmakers may offer dividend on a contingency achieving the highest aggregate points scored in accordance with this Rule for achieving a place in races conducted at a particular race meeting.
- (3) Points shall be allocated in accordance with this Rule to each contingency achieving a placing at a particular race meeting in accordance with the following-

First Place - 3 points

Second Place - 2 points

Third Place - 1 points

In the event of a dead heat for a placing, the number of points to be allocated to an individual contingency shall be the points for that place divided by the number of contingencies in the dead heat.

- (4) Points shall be allocated only where not less than 75% of the races scheduled for that race meeting are conducted. If less than 75% of races scheduled are conducted, all moneys wagered shall be refunded.

- (5) Where relevant, all bets shall be based upon a named jockey only. If a jockey is replaced after declaration of riders, points for a place shall be allocated only to the jockey who ultimately rides in the race.
- (6) If at the conclusion of a race meeting more than one contingency has accumulated an equal number of points, winning bets in respect of each contingency shall be paid as follows-

| Number of contingencies | % of face value of winning ticket |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2 | 50 |
| 3 | 33.3 |
| 4 | 25 |
| 5 | 20 |

If a greater number of contingencies than 5 accumulate an equal number of points the % of the face value of winning ticket that shall be paid shall be 100% divided by that number of contingencies.

- (7) No points shall be allocated in relation to a race scheduled to be conducted if that race is postponed to another race meeting, abandoned or declared a no race by the Stewards.
- (8) A bookmaker offering “contingency of the day” betting must continue to offer that type of bet until the completion of at least 50% of the races scheduled to be conducted at the meeting.

LR92 Dead heats

- (1) In win or place betting, if
- (a) a runner is backed to win and it runs a dead heat with another runner for first place; or
- (b) a runner is backed for a place and it runs a dead heat with another only 2 places are payable; the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be runner for third place where 3 places are payable or for second place where divided into as many equal parts as there are runners that run the dead heat and one such part shall be paid to the bettor.
- (2) If a runner is backed for a place in a race where 2 places are payable and it runs a dead heat with 2 or more other runners, the amount payable to the bettor in respect of such a runner shall be
- (1) 66 cents in the dollar on the face value of the ticket where 3 runners dead heat for first place;
- (2) 50 cents in the dollar on the face value of the ticket where 4 runners dead heat for first place; and where there are more than 4 runners in a dead heat for first place such amount as the Stewards may determine in the particular case.
- (3) In forecast betting
- (a) if the runner that odds-on wins and the other runner runs a dead heat with another for second place the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are runners that run the dead heat and 1 such part shall be paid to the bettor;
- (b) if both backed runners run a dead heat for first, the bet shall be decided in favour of the bettor,
- provided that if another runner is also involved in the dead heat for first, the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be halved.
- Provided further that if 2 or more other runners are also involved in the dead heat for first the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are runners that run the dead heat, less 1 and 1 such part shall be paid to the bettor.
- (4) In quinella betting

- (a) if the runner that is odds-on wins and the other runner runs a dead heat with another for second place the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are runners that run the dead heat and 1 such part shall be paid to the bettor;
- (b) if both backed runners run a dead heat for first, the bet shall be decided in favour of the bettor,
 provided that if another runner is also involved in the dead heat for first, the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be halved.
 Provided further that if 2 or more runners are also involved in the dead heat for first the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are runners that run the dead heat, less 1, and 1 such part shall be paid to the bettor.
- (5) In concession betting
- (1) if 2 or more runners dead heat for first place, the amount payable to a bettor in respect of a bet on any 1 of those runners shall be determined by dividing the winnings by the number of runners in the dead heat and adding the result to the amount bet by the bettor;
- (2) if 2 or more runners dead heat for third place where there were 8 or more runners in the race at the time the bet was made, or for second place where there were 5, 6 or 7 runners in the race at the time the bet was made, the amount payable to a bettor in respect of a bet on any 1 of the runners in the dead heat shall be determined by dividing the amount bet by the bettor by the number of runners in the dead heat;
- (3) if there are 3 or more runners in a dead heat for first place, the amount payable to the bettor in respect of a bet on such a runner shall be
- (a) where there are 3 runners in the dead heat, two-thirds of the amount bet by the bettor plus one-third the winnings otherwise payable;
- (b) where there are 4 runners in the dead heat, one half of the amount bet by the bettor plus one-fourth the winnings otherwise payable; and
- (c) where there are more than 4 runners in the dead heat for first place, such amount as the Stewards may determine in the particular case.
- (6) In doubles, trebles and quadrella betting if all races are decided in the bettor's favour and the other results in a dead heat between 2 or more runners, the amount payable to the bettor in respect of a bet on the winner of the dead heat shall be determined by dividing the face value of the ticket by the number of winners in the dead heat.
- (7) In 4 placed betting-
- If, in a race with 8 or more horses at the time the bet was made, there be a dead heat for a third placing or if, in a race with more than 5 but less than 8 horses at the time the bet was made, there be a dead heat for a second placing the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are horses that dead head and 1 such part be paid to the bettor.
- (8) In field against favourite betting-
- If there be a dead heat for first between the favourite at the time the bet was made and any other horse, the amount otherwise payable to the bettor shall be divided into two equal parts and 1 such part shall be paid to the bettor.

LR93 Withdrawals/Deductions

- (1) If in any race the Stewards at the meeting where the race is to be conducted permit or order a runner to be withdrawn from the race or if they declare a runner to be a non-starter in the race, the Stewards at a meeting where betting is conducted on that race shall prior to the declaration of all clear or correct weight signal, as the case shall be, being given declare that
- (a) all bets made on that runner on the day of the race be refunded; and

- (b) bets on the remaining runners in the race, made on the day of the race and before such happening shall stand, but that:
- (i) bets for a win;
 - (ii) best for a place;
 - (iii) bets on 1 runner to win and another to run second (forecast bets);
 - (iv) betst on 2 runners to run first and second irrespective of order (quinella bets);
 - (v) concession bets on the winner; and
 - (vi) double bets,

shall be subject to a variation to be determined by the Stewards in accordance with the table of deductions prescribed by Racing Queensland.

- (2) Subject to LR92 no bettor shall receive in settlement of any successful bet an amount less than an amount which represents a dividend of \$1.05. Provided that where a bet has been made at a dividend of less than \$1.05 the amount payable to a bettor shall not be less than the amount bet by him in respect of that bet.
- (3) Where Stewards make a declaration pursuant to this Rule a bookmaker shall
- (a) draw a line on his betting sheet immediately below the last bet taken on each runner in the race; and
 - (b) settle all bets on the race in accordance with the decision of the Stewards.
- (4) When 2 or more runners are withdrawn simultaneously during betting on a race, the rate of deduction from bets on runners which run a place in the race made prior to the withdrawal shall be determined by adding together the rates of deduction applicable to each of the withdrawn runners.
- (5) Where runners are withdrawn at 2 or more different times during betting on a race, the rate of deductions from bets made on horses which run a place in the race
- (a) prior to the time of the first withdrawal; and
 - (b) between the time of the first withdrawal and the time of the second withdrawal or between subsequent withdrawals, shall be determined as follows
 - (i) bets on horses which run a place in the race made prior to the time of the first withdrawal: Determine the amount PAYABLE in the dollar on bets made on the FIRST withdrawn horse at the time of withdrawal disregarding the fact that there is a second withdrawal, using Scale of Deductions. Determine the amount PAYABLE in the dollar on bets made on the SECOND or subsequent withdrawn horse at the time of the second or subsequent withdrawal, using Scale of Deductions. Add the two amounts payable together and apply this deduction to all winning bets made prior to the first withdrawal;
 - (ii) bets on horses which run a place in the race made between the first withdrawal and the time of the second withdrawal: Determine the amount payable in the dollar on bets made on the second withdrawn horse at the time of withdrawal using Scale of Deductions. Apply the deduction to all winning bets made between the first withdrawal and the second withdrawal;
 - (iii) Bets on horses which run a place in the race made between the second withdrawal and any subsequent or further subsequent withdrawal. Determine the amount payable in the dollar on bets made on the subsequent withdrawn horse at the time of withdrawal using Scale of Deductions. Apply this deduction to all winning bets made between the second or any subsequent withdrawal and any further subsequent withdrawal. In all cases the amount to be paid to a bettor shall be calculated to the nearest 5 cents.

LR94 Sports Betting

- (1) For the purpose of these Rules a sporting contingency includes
- (a) a contest, contingency, or event relating to animals other than a race; or

- (b) a contest, contingency or event relating to an athletic meeting, exercise, fight, game pastime or sport
- (2) This Rule shall apply only to betting on approved sporting contingencies other than greyhound and horse races.
- (3) A bookmaker conducting bookmaking on an approved sporting contingency shall exhibit in writing on or about his betting stand
 - (1) the name of the sporting contingency;
 - (2) the type or types of betting offered;
 - (3) the points start if relevant; and
 - (4) the dividends on offer,
 in respect of that contingency.
- (4) The result of a sporting contingency shall be determined by Racing Queensland for the purpose of deciding a bet.
- (5) If an approved sporting contingency is abandoned or no result is declared, all bets are off and the amount bet by bettors shall be refunded.

LR95 Betting disputes

- (1) The Stewards may consider and decide any dispute in relation to betting.
- (2) When a betting dispute is decided by the Stewards they shall, when notifying the parties to such dispute of their decision, require them to state forthwith whether or not they or either of them intend to appeal against the decision.
- (3) Should either party state that an appeal will be lodged, the Stewards shall prepare a report on the matter dealt with by them and their finding and shall forward such report and finding to Racing Queensland.
- (4) Where either party states an intention to appeal, any money in dispute and the betting ticket shall be retained by the Stewards who shall lodge same with Racing Queensland, which shall retain such money and betting ticket until the appeal has been heard and a decision given.
- (5) If neither party indicates an intention to appeal against the decision of the Stewards, payment of the bet which was the subject of the dispute shall be made in accordance with the decision.

LR96 Stewards power to stand bookmaker/bookmaker's clerk down

- (1) Notwithstanding anything in these Rules, the Stewards may order a bookmaker to cease betting forthwith and not resume betting until a later race or other time to be determined by the Stewards if in the opinion of the Stewards the betting activities of such bookmaker be contrary to the Rules.
- (2) A bookmaker, bookmaker's clerk or bookmaker's remote clerk found guilty of a breach of these Rules shall be guilty of an offence and or, at the discretion of the Stewards, refused permission to continue to operate as a bookmaker, bookmaker's clerk or bookmaker's remote clerk for the remainder of the meeting.

LR97 Penalty imposed on a greyhound

All penalties imposed on a greyhound by the Controlling Body or an officer of the Controlling Body, shall commence on the day the penalty is imposed and shall expire at midnight on the final day.

LR98 Cessation of QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme

- (1) Effective 1 July 2015, the QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme is terminated (**Termination Date**). Racing Queensland will not accept any further nominations of greyhounds and/or Nomination Fees from the Termination Date.
- (2) In respect of those greyhounds previously nominated and accepted by Racing Queensland into the QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme (**QGreys registered greyhounds**), effective 1 July 2015 no further QGreys bonuses will be paid.

- (3) Subject to paragraph (4) below, the Nomination Fees in respect of those QGreys registered greyhounds actively participating in the QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme will be refunded to the nominee responsible for original payment of the Nomination Fees to Racing Queensland.
- (4) Nomination Fees will not be refunded in respect of QGreys registered greyhounds which:
 - (a) are deceased;
 - (b) are retired or no longer racing;
 - (c) are owned by a disqualified or warned off person.
- (5) For the purposes of this Local Rule 98:
 - (a) “QGreys bonuses” means the QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme Bonus amounts as determined by Racing Queensland from time to time.
 - (b) “Nomination Fees” means the nomination fees amount due or paid by the relevant nominating party to Racing Queensland at the time of nomination for the QGreys Breeding Incentive Scheme.

LR99 Offence of undue suffering

- (1) Racing Queensland is to adopt the Greyhound Australasia Rules under the following terms:
 - (a) In respect of those amendments and additions incorporated into the GAR on 20 April 2015, the Board retrospectively adopts these amendments and additions and ratifies any actions taken by Racing Queensland in reliance upon those GAR Rules, as and from 20 April 2015; and
 - (b) In respect of those amendments and additional incorporated into the GAR on 1 July 2015, the Board retrospectively adopts these amendments and additions and ratifies any actions taken by Racing Queensland in reliance upon those GAR Rules, as and from 1 July 2015.
- (2) Save to the extent of paragraph (1) above, the operation of GAR R.86(ae) is otherwise unchanged. Unless otherwise specified, terms in this Local Rule 99 are to be interpreted consistently with those in GAR R.86(ae).
- (3) GAR R.86(ae)(ii) is to be amended to read as follows:

“have in their possession any gear, equipment, device, substance or any other thing used, or reasonably suspected of having been used, to inflict undue suffering on a greyhound.”

LR100 Use of Drones

- (1) Racing Queensland, the Stewards and anyone so authorised by Racing Queensland or the Stewards, may at any time use technology (such as drones) to inspect and surveil (including by taking photographs and video footage) any land or premises owned, occupied or under the control of a licensed person or used in any manner in relation to any licence.

LR101 Unauthorised exports of greyhounds

LR101.1 This rule applies where a greyhound has been exported from Australia without:

- (a) a valid greyhound passport; or
- (b) certified pedigree having been issued by Greyhounds Australasia.

LR101.2 The Queensland Racing Integrity Commission’s records indicating that a person was the owner of the greyhound at the time of the export shall be prima facie evidence:

- (a) that the registered owner intended to export the greyhound for the purposes of GAR R.124(1); or
- (b) for the purpose of any proceedings or charges laid pursuant to these Rules.

LR101.3

- (a) A person shall be guilty of an offence if the person sells or otherwise transfers ownership or custody of a greyhound to another person in circumstances where they are aware, or ought to be aware, that the greyhound will be, or is likely to be exported.
- (b) A person will not be in breach of sub-rule (1) if the person has, prior to selling or transferring ownership or custody of the greyhound, taken adequate steps to ensure that the provisions of GAR R.124(1) have been, or will be, complied with by the intended recipient of the greyhound, by obtaining from the intended recipient:
 - (i) a copy of the written request from the intended recipient to Greyhounds Australasia for a greyhound passport and certified pedigree in respect of the relevant greyhound; and
 - (ii) a written response from Greyhounds Australasia confirming that such a passport and certified pedigree has been, or will be issued.

LR101.4 A breach of GAR R.124(1) is an offence.

Annexure 1 - Local Rules of Racing (Greyhound Racing) – changes from 1 July 2016

| Affected rule/s | Type of amendment | Effective date in Queensland |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| LR12 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR12A | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR13 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR46 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR47 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR48 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR49 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR50 | Delete rule | 10/02/2017 |
| LR54 | Delete rule | 01/07/2017 |
| LR101 | Insert rule | 01/07/2017 |